## STATE OF NEVADA

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COMMISSION ON PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND TRAINING

A Workshop and Regularly Scheduled Meeting of the Commission on

Peace Officer Standards and Training was held on Tuesday, July

19, 2022 commencing at 10:00 a.m. at 5587 Wa Pai Shone Avenue,

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COMMISSIONERS:

9 Jason Soto, Chairman

Carson City, Nevada.

Tiffany Young 10

Michael Allen

Russ Niel

George Togliatti

Ty Trouten

Jamie Prosser

Kevin McKinney

Robert Straube

Tim Shea

18

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19 STAFF:

Kathy Floyd, POST F

Mike Jensen, Attorney General's Office 21

Mike Sherlock, POST F 22

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TRANSCRIBED BY: Marsha Steverman-Meech

Commission on POST Meeting 07/19/2022

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#### I. PUBLIC COMMENT HEARINGS

3

1. Call to order

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2. Roll call of Commission Members 9

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3. Public Comment Hearing on Proposed Regulations LCB File R078-21, R079-21, R052-22 AND R053-22.

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# TOPICS

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to comply with requirements established in NRS

289.510(c)(1) Requirements for evaluations to be

LCB FileR078-21 - Amend NAC 289.110 to reflect revisions

conducted during the recruitment and selection of peace officers, which must identify implicit bias on the part

of a peace officer on the basis of race, color,

religion, national origin, physical or mental

disability, sexual orientation or gender identity or

expression;

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3. LCB File R079-21 - Amend NAC 289.230 to reflect

revisions to comply with annual continuing education

requirements established in NRS 289.510(c)(2) which

requires all peace officers annually complete not less

than 12 hours of continuing education in courses that

address (1) Racial profiling (2) Mental health,

including, without limitation, crisis intervention (3)

The well-being of officers (4) Implicit bias recognition

(5) De-escalation (6) Human trafficking; and (7)

Firearms

C. LCB Rile R052-22 - Amend NAC 289.047 to read as follows:

(1) "Executive level position" means a position held by a peace officer in which the peace officer is: (a) The chief executive of an agency; or (b) Is acknowledged and affirmed by the chief executive of an agency to be in the direct line and immediately available and authorized to act as the chief executive of an agency during the absence of the chief executive. (2) As used in this section, "chief executive" means a person who is in charge of an entire agency.

LCB File R053-22 - Amend NAC 289.270 to add: (1) The

Commission will grant an executive certificate to an

officer upon submission of proof satisfactory that the

officer meets certain minimum requirements, including

that the officer has (1) current basic, intermediate,

advanced, supervisor and management certificates; or (2)

current certificates from a certifying entity of the

Federal Government or another state if the requirements

for such certification are consistent with and not of a

lower standard than the regulations for a current basic,

intermediate, advanced, supervisor and management

certificates; or (2) current certificates from a

certifying entity of the Federal Government or another

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state if the requirements for such certification are consistent with and not of a lower standard than the regulations for a current basic, intermediate, advanced, supervisor and management certificate: or (3) training and experience in another state that are consistent with and not of a lower standard than the regulations for a current basic, intermediate, advanced, supervisor and management certificate.

(2) The Commission will grant an executive certificate to an officer upon submission of proof satisfactory that the officer has been elected or appointed to the position of sheriff of a county of chief of a metropolitan or city police department for at least 5 consecutive years.

II. WORKSHOP 15

1. Workshop on proposed regulation change.

THE PURPOSE OF THE HEARING IS TO SOLICIT COMMENTS FROM INTERESTED PERSONS ON THE FOLLOWING TOPIC THAT MAY BE ADDRESSED IN FUTURE PROPOSED REGULATIONS (THIS WORKSHOP HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY NOTICED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF NRS CHAPTER 233B):

# TOPIC

A. NAC 289.190 Discussion regarding the establishment of a new regulation pursuant to Assembly Bill 336. Proposed language is: "The employing agency shall implement an

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	Commission on POST Meeting 07/19/2022	
1	annual behavior wellness program for each of its officers	
2	to aid in the preserving of the emotional and mental health	
	of its officers and asserting conditions that may affect	
3	the performance of duties by its officers."	
4		
5	2. PUBLIC COMMENT. The Commission may not take action on any	
6	matter considered under this item until the matter is	
7	specifically included on an agenda as an action item. 21	
8		
9	III.REGULARLY SCHEDULED MEETING AGENDA ITEMS	37
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18	3. The Commission to discuss and take possible action to	
	adopt, amend, or repeal their regulations as follows:	
19	A. LCB File R-78-21 - Amend NAC 289.110 to elect	
20	revisions to comply with requirements established in NRS	
21	289.510(c)(1) Requirements for evaluations to be	
22	conducted during the recruitment and selection of peace	
23		
24	officers, which must identify implicit bias on the part of a peace officer on the basis of race, color,	
25	or a peace officer on the basis of face, color,	

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D. LCB File R053-22 - Amend NAC 289.270 to add: (1) The Commission will grant an executive certificate to an officer upon submission of proof satisfactory that the officer meets certain minimum requirements, including that the officer has (1) current basic, intermediate, advanced, supervisor and management certificates; or (2) current certificates from a certifying entity of the Federal Government or another state if the requirements for such certification are consistent with and not of a lower standard than the regulations for a current basic, intermediate, advanced, supervisor and management certificate; or (3) training and experience in another state that are consistent with and not of a lower standard than the regulations for a current basic, intermediate, advanced, supervisor and management certificate.

(2) The Commission will grant an executive certificate to an officer upon submission of proof satisfactory that the officer has ben elected or appointed to the position of sheriff of a county of chief of a metropolitan or city police department for at least 5 consecutive years.

The Commission to fully consider all written and oral comments received on these proposed regulations before taking any action.

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The Commission to decide whether to continue the rulemaking process regarding the establishment of a new regulation pursuant to Assembly Bill 336. Proposed language is: "The employing agency shall implement an annual behavior wellness program for each of its officers to aid in the preserving of the emotional and mental health of its officers and asserting conditions that may affect the performance of duties by its officers."

5. Hearing pursuant to NAC 289.290(1)(e) on the revocation of Regina M. Joines (formerly with the Nevada Department of Corrections) Category III basic certificate based on a Gross Misdemeanor conviction of Sexual Abuse of Prisoner or Unauthorized Custodial Conduct by Employee (in violation of NRS 212.188(1) and (3)(b)).

6. Hearing pursuant to NAC 289.290(1)(i) on the revocation of Zachary E. Winningham's (formerly with the Henderson Police Department) Category I, II, and III basic certificates based on a Misdemeanor conviction for Domestic Battery, first offense. (in violation of NRS 200.485(1)(A), 200.481(1)(A), 33.018, Henderson City Charter, Section 2.140.

7. Commission to decide whether to establish an exploratory workgroup to study and make recommendations for

	Com	mission on POST Meetir	ıg	07/19/2022	
	improving our ability to recruit out of state laterals				
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5		considered under this item unti	.l the matter is		
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## PROCEEDINGS

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Order for July 19, 2022. For the record, the time is 10 a.m. dated July 19, 2022. I'm gonna turn it over to Kathy Floyd for information on legal postings and open meeting compliance.

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meeting agenda have been posted in compliance with NRS

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241.020. The meeting agenda was physically posted at the POST

The public comment notice, workshop notice and

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administration building and the Nevada state library in Carson City. The meeting agenda has been electronically posted at

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post.nv.gov, state of Nevada website at notice.nv.gov. The

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legislative website at leg.state.nv.gov and email to all spocs

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and admins on post listserve.

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I'll start with myself. Uh, Jason Soto, POST roll call.

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Commission, and we'll just go around the room.

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NIEL: Russ Niel, Deputy Chief Gaming Control Board

Okay, thank you very much. I'll start with

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YOUNG: Tiffany Young, Community Member.

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ALLEN: Mike Allen, Humboldt County Sheriff.

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Tim Shea, Boulder City Police. SHEA:

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George Togliatti, Nevada Department of TOGLIATTI:

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Public Safety.

STRAUBE: Rob Straube, City of Las Vegas DPS.

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Ty Trouten, Elko Police Department.

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PROSSER: Jamie Prosser, Las Vegas Metro Police Department.

MCKINNEY: Kevin McKinney, Carlin Police Department.

JENSEN: Mike Jensen, Attorney General's Office.

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock from POST.

FLOYD: Kathy Floyd from POST.

SOTO: We'll start off with public comment hearing will address proposed regulations, purpose of the hearing is to receive comments from all interested persons regarding the adoption, amendments and repeal of regulations pertaining to chapter 289, the Nevada administrative code, NAC, this public comment hearing has been previously noticed as required by NRS chapter 233B, item number A, post regulation file number R078-21 and turn this over to Mike Sherlock.

SHERLOCK: Thank you, Chief. Mike Sherlock for the record. So first let me remind the commissioners as to where we're at in terms of the public comment hearings. So in the rulemaking process, this is essentially the last stop prior to adoption. Each of these items that we're gonna invite public comment on have been included in at least workshop and at least one workshop, some of them two, um, and have been on previous commission agendas. This hearing is to solicit and allow for any comments related, uh, to the regulation change and to the language that has come back from LCB. Um, we will have, uh, an action item on the agenda for the meeting coming

up here in a moment. So just as a refresher, this first regulation change was a result of a bill coming out of the last legislative session. That bill required POST to mandate an evaluation to identify any implicit bias a person may have, uh, based on race, color, religion, national origin, physical, mental disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity, or exp -- expression. Um, this, uh, language, uh, coming back from LCB and based on the workshop, uh, simply meets the language, uh, from that particular bill, uh, and the commission may take comments on that bill now if you have any, Mr. Chairman.

SOTO: Okay. Do we have any public comments on item number A -- item A. Seeing there's none. Do we have any other comments from anybody on item number A? Seems though there's none, we're going to move on to item number B. Item B's proposed regulation file number R079-21. Again, I'm turn it over to Mr. Sherlock.

SHERLOCK: Thank you. Mike Sherlock for the record. The next regulation, uh, was similarly mandated by the last legislative session. This bill requires POST to include in the annual training regulation, a component -- a component under the mental health topic to include crisis intervention, um, and, uh, that was simply added to the language of our current regulation. Um, again, Mr. Chairman, the purpose here is to take any public comment that may be, uh, presented on

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this issue at this time.

SOTO: Do we have any public comment on item number B proposed regulation? Do we have any comment from any of our commission? Seeing as though there is none, we are going to move on to item number C, uh, proposed regulation file number R052-22. Again, I'm gonna turn it over to Mr. Sherlock.

SHERLOCK: Thank you. Uh, Mike Sherlock again for the record. This next change was a result of a working group who had asked the commission for changes to the requirements for the executive certificate. I believe we had, uh, two workshops on this issue and -- and in addition to the -- to the working group meeting, um, this first change though changes the language under the POST definition of an executive level position to include those positions, the chief executive, that if -- executive of that agency designates to be, uh, executive level. Um, as you may recall, during the discussions that, uh, there was a desire to, uh, give some discretion to an agency in terms of what that executive level meant. Uh, this change simply allows the agencies that flexibility to name executive position that are not necessarily assigned to a specific rank or level within their agency, uh, but again, these changes were developed out of the comments and, uh, participation in the workshops, and we can take any comments on that.

SOTO: Okay. Any public comments? Seeing as though

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JOHNSON: Good morning, Commissioner. Aaron Johnson,
Boulder City Police Department for the record. Uh, I do have
a couple concerns about the new language for this, uh, uh,

there is none, I'm going to move on to item number D, proposed regulation file number R053-22. Again, I'm gonna turn it over to Mr. Sherlock.

SHERLOCK: Thank you. Mike Sherlock for the record. final hearing is also regarding the changes to the executive certificate for the POST. Uh, as I just mentioned, these changes came out of, uh, workshops and working group on the subject. This particular regulation change makes it possible for -- possible for those coming from out of state into command positions to obtain our executive if they had compatible training and certificates in that other state, substantially equivalent to ours. In addition, it recognizes or allows for obtaining of the certificate where the applicant has been a sheriff or police chief for five consecutive years. Uh, staff believes just does a good job of addressing those concerns and the comments made by the commissioners, um, and that's where this language was de -- derived from, and, uh, we have comments that'll help with the recruiting from out state and that sort of thing, uh, at the command level, and so we can take comments on that.

SOTO: All right. Do we have any public comments for item number D?

executive level requirements. Um, as we get further into it, 1 there's -- there's nothing that specifies the substitution 2 for, uh, academic, um, education, uh, as a substitute for this 3 management certificate or the, uh, first line supervisor 5 certificate. Um, if -- if there was some language in there, I really -- I -- I wouldn't be too concerned about it, but, um, 6 7 it leaves it pretty vague that if I have similar training, uh, and that would be similar to the management certificate, then how do I demonstrate that if I have a graduate degree or a -a graduate certificate from an credited institution, um, that 10 11 to me would seem to suffice, uh, or -- or -- or carry over the 12 academic requirements to meet that of the management 13 certificate. The second, uh, concern I have is with the five years of consecutive service. Um, my question would be, does 14 it really take five years of being a chief or a sheriff of an 15 agency to demonstrate the ability to be an executive of that 16 17 organization? Um, I would say probably more appropriately 18 would be a three-year commitment if we've been in there for three years. And then I have a tough time with the -- the 19 20 term consecutive. If a sheriff runs for four years, is not 21 reelected the following year, uh, but win's another term or 22 win's a second term, but it's not consecutive, now they have 23 to start the clock all over again. So -- so in some cases you might be looking at nine years as the sheriff of a -- of a 24 25 county as an executive, and -- and, uh, it -- it doesn't seem

to again, reflect, um, their ability. I mean, three years you've been through three budget cycles, you've been through three hiring processes, at least, you've been through probably three academies, you've been through three termination, three years of terminations, you've been through three years of -- of demonstrating your ability to be an executive that would be seem to me be more appropriate. I don't know how the term, uh -- the -- the timeline of five years came up, but -- and I -- I -- I apologize, I've been out of pocket for the last three months, but, um, I -- I -- I -- I kind of missed that and tried to -- tried to read up on it, but I -- I don't -- I don't see where, um, that -- that -- that came up or how we came up with five years. Thank you.

SOTO: Any other public comments? Thank you for those comments. Uh, we're going to now move to and open a workshop. We'll now move to workshop regulation changes. The purpose of hearing is to solicit comments with interested persons on the following topic that may be addressed in future proposed regulations. This workshop has previously been noticed pursuant to requirements of NRS chapter in 233B. This workshop is intended to solicit discussion on assembly bill 336, which requires an annual behavior wellness component as an annual requirement for certified officers. I'm gonna turn this over to Mike Sherlock for some background on this subject.

SHERLOCK: Thank you. Mike Sherlock for the record.

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again, this work -- workshop is in response to AB336, which mandates that POST create a regulation to implement an annual behavior wellness component. So just a quick background on this bill, which, uh, I opposed, uh -- met, uh, several times with Assemblywoman Monroe-Moreno with -- with our specific concerns. Um, specifically the concerns putting POST in a -a position of creating, and our fear at the time, an arbitrary fitness for duty exam. Um, our staff took a look at this, um, and feel that a fitness for duty exam requires a trigger or a reason to, uh, mandate an officer to attend a fitness for duty, uh, type evaluation. Um, that said, um, they made some minor changes to the bill and went forward with the bill. at the time we didn't, uh, seek an official opinion from the Attorney General's Office, um, as this was coming out of the legislature, and of course, the -- the LCD, uh, legal takes lead on that, um, um, I would add that though, we thought the requirement is problematic, we, of course, support officer wellness 100%, uh, staff, uh, certainly agrees with that. Um, so in light of that, we conducted survey across the country, again, just for a perspective for the commission, uh, as to this legislative, uh, mandate. There's only one state in the United States that requires, um, a, uh, mental health check in they're calling it and they do it, uh -- it's mandated every three to five years. It is, uh, confidential and deemed as a

check in only rather than using the language visit. Uh, their law in that state, uh, says that it must be confidential, uh, and of course the big part for us is it's fully funded by the legislature managed by POST. Um, any -- the only states with something even close, Illinois recommends an annual screening, they did not mandate it. Uh, Rhode Island, much like many states requires, uh, and -- and Nevada does too, requires a psych screening of any officer transferring from one agency to another. Uh, New Hampshire and another state recently, I think it was North Carolina, recently, empaneled a working group to study the possibility, uh, of mandating an annual behavioral health visit. Um, both concluded that, uh, such a mandate would -- mandate would not be possible, um, and mandatory visits require specific reason, that's what they determine in their States. Um, but all that said -- said, we still are mandated under this bill to create a regulation that requires a behavior health component. Uh, our concern again, was we wanted to make sure that any language that, uh, comes out of the commission both meets that legislative intent, uh, and mandate of course, but would also be flexible enough to allow agencies to continue with or develop programs that fit their needs or are currently in place. So this language example, uh, for this workshop, and again, it's just an example, would use the term behavior health program rather than specifically requiring a, uh, visit or using the term

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visit, which we believe allows for flexibility. And frankly, we hope avoid some of those labor or legal issues, uh, with a mandated visit, uh, specifically, um -- so again, this workshop is to allow interest -- interesting parties to, uh, offer their input. Um, I do have, uh, two written, uh, responses that I can read into the record after you take, uh, comments from the public during the workshop.

SOTO: Um, one question I have. What -- what is the state, Mr. Sherlock, has the three-to-five-year check in you mentioned?

SHERLOCK: I believe it is Maryland that does that.

SOTO: All right. Uh, do we have any comments from commissioners on this is, uh, on this bill.

YOUNG: This, uh, Commissioner Young. I -- I'm just trying to understand what you just said. If I understand correctly, you're asked -- or we're looking at shifting language from visit to checkup.

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. No, I -- I -- I -- again, I -- I'm just saying that rather than use the word visit, we're using the word program, which encompasses visits, but allows that flexibility to -- and -- and -- and from our mindset, if you think about a program, it's more about officer wellness is our program. Instead of, you know, specifically saying a visit, then you take away from what the intent of that bill was, which is behavioral health. And so if you have

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TROUTEN:

a program, you can concentrate on the behavioral health rather than concentrate on that visit and there's cost associated with all that kind of thing. So that's why we looked at the term program as maybe better fitting what this bill is requiring the commission to do.

YOUNG: And for the record, Commissioner Young. And it may be semantics, but I -- I guess, I'm concerned from a accountability standpoint, is that if you remove the word visit, do you in fact remove the visits?

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. I, uh,

(inaudible) I -- I guess, I agree with you with semantics, uh,

depending on what the definition of a visit is. Uh, we have

some behavioral health that we know within agencies in Nevada

that use, for instance, peer support type programs, where they

go to role call or briefing, and so our intent was -- that may

not be the officer visiting, but it's them visiting the

officer. We wanna make sure that encompasses that. And by

saying, visit, we don't want to cut that out. We don't want

to cut what's already in place out, and that's -- that was

some of our thinking also, uh, from that perspective.

with the word visit is there's always a tendency to move to

the middles. And so what you would end up with is something

that would be a visit with someone of minimal qualifications,

Ty Trouten for the record. I guess my concern

correction on the national front. You -- you really would be giving lip service to law without really accomplishing what the intent is. My thought and many agencies are the same. They have, um, mental health, wellness programs of several facets within their agencies, and I think to set the standard is that's the expectation rather than the yearly visit, uh, relating more to our requirement yearly physical. Uh, the chief complaint, I hear on the yearly physicals is the doctor's not diagnosing. The doctor's not prescribing. They're giving recommendations, will follow up with. I can see this mental health visit, if its relegated to that term, being limited to that and accomplishing none. I think POST should step up above that and work towards a program as the expectation.

just have one then, and maybe Mike you can answer my question.

And that is if we move forward, am I correct in understanding that different agencies, they are all going to have a program that probably isn't uniform throughout the state but it's a program for their agency, correct?

SHERLOCK: That's correct.

SOTO: Okay. So, um, when these departments put together their -- their program, which would include the visit piece that Commissioner Young (inaudible), does that program then go to the POST commission for your oversight in looking at that

program, how is that going to roll out?

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SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. Again, I think, uh, we look at this as -- it is a compliance issue. Um, but again, we want that broad enough to allow agencies to continue with what they already have in place. So it would be simply us, uh, ensuring that AB336 was complied with. There is a behavioral health component requirement, and we'll add that. The bill makes no distinction. It is every certified officer in the state, so that includes CAT I's, CAT II's, and CAT III's. So it's a -- there is no exemptions for any certified officer, but, um, there's no provision for discipline, uh, as you would with, uh -- your -- your continuing education requirements, uh, but it is a compliance issue that we would look at, uh, from a broad perspective that they have something in place.

SOTO: Okay. So that to me is important for the commission is to make sure that we have some, some oversite and understanding (inaudible) this legislator (inaudible) direction. So, I'm comfortable with that personally, but that's my perspective. I just wanted to make sure the Commission have some oversite on that. Because you're right, every department has it really different for a bigger agency that has a lot more resources than it is for an agency that doesn't have as many resources. I'm sure there's some different approaches that will happen here. All right, do we

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have any comment from -- any public comment from this workshop?

All right. Do we have any comment from -- any SOTO: public comments?

Meeting

BANISTER: Hi there. Ali Banister for the record, Chief of Juvenile Services, and I'm here on behalf of the, um, Nevada Association of Juvenile Justice, the Chief's Association for -- for Juveniles. Um, we do -- from the Chief's Association standpoint, we do have concerns about the vagueness of the word program. Um, we also would request that the new regulations should define what visit consists of and what professional occu -- occupations can be used for the visit to maintain compliance with the regulations. We would suggest the new regulations include language regarding the confidentiality requirements and record retention for such visit that allows the provider to release information to each agency if the visit determines the officer is a danger to the community or to himself or herself. We would also suggest that each agency would then use their employees assistance program, fitness for duty program, or health insurance for any treatment necessary for the officer to return to duty. would also request that the commission identify the consequences to the officer for not complete -- for not completing or refusing the yearly requirement.

SOTO: Commissioner comments? Any other public comment?

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SHERLOCK: Chief, I do have some written comments. (Inaudible) read those. Uh, Mike Sherlock for the record. did, uh, solicit, uh, and have, uh, some inquiries, uh, from a couple who could not be here. The first, uh, is from Clark County, uh, Department of Administrative Services. Uh, these comments are by, uh, Joanna Jacob, who's the Government Affairs Manager with, uh, Clark County Department of Administrative Service. Uh, first comment, uh, is similar to, uh, Chief Banister's comments. Please consider changing the language from annual behavior wellness program for each of its off -- officers to annual behavioral wellness visit, uh, assembly bill 336 mandated POST to establish standards for a visit, not entire program. We respectfully request change to align with language used throughout assembly bill 336. Comment number two, please consider adopting specific standards for these visits. During the legislative session, Clark County raised concerns about whether these visits would be considered confidential and what type of visit would be required. It was clear from the AB336 hearings that the bill sponsor believed that these details would be deferred to the regulations to be developed by POST, specifically re -- we ---- we request that POST consider the following. Require the visit to be held confidential and only disclose to the employing agency risk management divi -- division if the provider find the employee pose a risk of harm to themselves

or to others. Define the record keeping requirements for each employing agency. Set the minimum standards for the visit described in assembly bill 336. We request that POST define which types of providers may conduct these visits may be conducted, uh, with specialized training specific to the mental health needs of peace officers working in multiple law enforcement settings, or as first responders. Uh, define whether the visit is mandatory, whether the peace officer may refuse to attend the examination, and if so, the employing agency responsibility upon receipt of that refusal. We appreciate POST attempt to accom -- accommodate for variance in local government programs statewide. However, setting specific, yet minimum standards in the areas noted above will help to promote consistency across all of our programs ensure against different levels of implementation across the state. We strongly encourage POST to consider addressing these issues and are willing to participate in further discussion along with our local government and colleagues. The second, uh, comment is from the, uh, Nevada association of counties. This is from Vincent, uh, Guthreau who's the executive director and, uh, Mr. Guthreau simply wishes to, um, state that they agree and support and concur with Clark County, uh, comments, which I just, uh, read into the record. Uh, Mr. Chairman, if it helps, uh, Mike Sherlock for the record. I made a couple comments on what they're asking. We do appreciate, uh, Clark

county's and -- and, uh, the, uh, association of county's 1 comments. Um, staff would just add that, you know, an agency 2 is welcome to establish by policy any of these things. 3 are -- we would not prohibit Clark County from -- from 5 establishing standards. I think that the -- there's some confusion in the bill. The bill says to establish standards 6 for this requirement. Um, we were not funded nor do we 7 believe it's feasible, or even possible to establish standards for a behavioral health visit. Uh, that's a very subjective, uh, issue, and -- and I'm not sure that the POST commission 10 11 could create standards. In terms of confidentiality, staff agrees. The problem is, this bill requires a assessment as to 12 13 the officer's ability to carry out the duties and -- and our issue with confidentiality there is if we have a regulation 14 that says that confidential -- confidentiality is voided, when 15 there's an imminent threat to life to themselves or others is 16 not consistent with what the bill says. So that was some of 17 18 our concerns there. The bill says to assess their ability. They might not be getting enough sleep that affects -- but in 19 20 -- in a -- in a confidentiality situation, you wouldn't be 21 able to release that to management or the agency. And so that 22 was our issue with that. We do agree with the confidentiality 23 component, but I'm not sure if it fits with what the bill is -- is stating, and that's why we went with the program that is 24 25 in statute. That agencies can refer to in terms of what that

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statutory requirement is, and the commission is supporting that, uh, through this regulation change. And that would just be staff's comments on -- on that issue in terms of the language of the -- the regulation.

SOTO: Thanks for that, Mr. Sherlock. Do we have any other comments? I think that my -- my -- my last take on this is I appreciate the input, um, from both of the letters and the in-person public comments because it gives us an idea of some of the concerns or some of the things we as a commission have to consider and more through specifically the confidentiality piece, always tricky when it comes to our profession and rightfully so. I know that a few agencies already have, including my own, already have some processes and systems in place that address that I'd certainly share that with our commission as we work through this. But this is unique, because we could be the first to really tackle this thing so. Thank you everybody for your comments and for your input on this. It certainly helps us be more effective at doing our jobs as a commission.

SHERLOCK: (inaudible). Just have one more comment for the record. Mike Sherlock. Uh, this bill goes into effect January of 2023. I took some heat recently at a judiciary committee meeting, uh, where they, uh, felt that we were dragging our feet on it. This bill is not, uh, effective until January 2023, so we are well within that timeframe there

anything before we close this workshop?

(inaudible). 1

Commission on POST

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No, I don't -- I don't -- I anticipate us SOTO: having an effective process in place prior to January and I know we are not dragging our feet, but it is simply a complicated issue that we have to (inaudible) agencies throughout the state (inaudible). Any other comments or

This is Commissioner Young. And I don't mean to belabor the semantics issue, but I'm just -- I am just trying to understand, again, um, section one C2, it already states the standards for programs for the continued education of peace officers dot, dot, dot, right. Um, and then the conversation is around whether or not to change the word visit to programs, but it seems a bit redundant to state a wellness program if it's already saying that the standard for programs is already (inaudible). And -- and the reason why is that I, again, stating the fact that I have concerns around the accountability, so if the visit -- pretty much system policy and practice, if the word's not there, it doesn't happen, right, and then people can say, well, technically it wasn't there, so we don't have to do it. And so if you remove it, then where will it live? Will it live in a regulation? Will it live in an expectation, or will it be the autonomy of each law enforcement agency to decide whether or not they'll do it? That's where my questions and concerns are coming from.

that makes sense.

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SHERLOCK: Yeah, Mike Sherlock for the record. Just so you understand when -- when legislature looking at our, uh, 289, for example, it's often -- I -- I know it's redundant to say programs, but -- but for an example, we -- under that same area, we have a requirement that officers attend, uh -- dealing with, uh, animals class, they call that a program, just -- just so you understand why they say program there, um, where it lives is -- is statute. So our regulation will allow -- I -- I -- in my opinion, as staffs looking at this, that, uh, we allow agencies to interpret the visit that's mandated in the statute, uh, rather than in the regulation limiting those -- that flexibility. And that's kind of why we looked at program, but again, it's on the -- it's up to the commission (inaudible).

SHEA: Thank you for that. I'm -- I'm kind of confused on this. I'm reading the statute that the legislature passed.

Looks like they've mandated that we have to develop standards. We have to trying not to develop standards, but we don't think develop these standards is actually possible. So while we're mandated to make standards, we can't make standards, so we're trying to figure out how to do something that isn't in conflict when it's called for in the statute. Am I missing something somewhere?

SHERLOCK: Yeah, Mike Sherlock for the record. So the

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standard is that agencies will have a behavioral wellness program. That is the standard that the commission is developing, not -- not the standard to pass a psych exam, but a standard to dev -- if -- if the standard is you as a law enforcement agency shall have a behavioral wellness component.

SHEA: Okay.

SHERLOCK: In whatever language, so our interpretation (inaudible). And -- and I don't think that was ever the intent that we as a staff or commission establish what it means to pass a behavioral health visit.

SHEA: I'm just reading the statute. I -- again, I'm -because it says under NRS 289.510C, shall adopt regulations establishing minimum standards for the certification -decertification, recruitment, selection and training of peace officers, the regulations must establish. Then it goes down to subsection five, which is for subsection five, standards for an annual behavioral wellness visit for peace officers aid in the preserving, the emotional and mental health peace officer assessing conditions that may affect the performance They use standards twice. So we're first mandated of duties. under the current section to adopt -- shall adopt regulations establishing minimum standards for the certification (inaudible). Then it goes on later, it says under that subsection standards for an annual (inaudible). So our standard is you have to do it once a year and that's it.

SHERLOCK: Uh, yeah, Mike Sherlock for the record. I think, uh, that kind of lays out why we prefer the language of program rather than a visit. But yes, that is the POST standard that you -- that we're recommending that an agency establish a behavioral wellness program annually.

SHEA: So our standard is that you must establish the standard as an individual agency.

SOTO: (inaudible) program and then -- uh, for the record,

Jason Soto. I think, and I'm just trying to help us all think

through this 'cause I understand --

SHEA: Yes.

SOTO: -- (inaudible) is if you have -- if -- if every, uh

-- well, every agency is mandated to have this program in

place. My assumption would be that once the program's in

place and our officer's -- personnel attend that program and

go through this, whatever we want to call it, and we can come

up with some language of what we want to call it, if there

are, you know, individuals that, um, we have concerns over,

then every program is going to have. It might not

(inaudible). We should create, I mean, its policy, that all

of us should create as agencies to where, and I don't know

that we would be able to get around it. We have policy now

where somebody if somethings brought to our attention on one

of our officers, I'll use OIS as an example, he or she has to

go through a certain protocol after that OIS, and if they are

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not deemed fit for duty, we have processes in place in which how to address that. I would imagine it would be the same with this. It's just -- it's not an OIS, it's your annual part of this checkups. Does that help at all? Does that answer any your questions?

SHEA: Well, again, this -- and this is where I'm -- it goes again, smaller agencies, um, we don't have like my bigger agency, we had staff psychologists on the department, we had people like that. We had robust peer support programs. have all these things in place. I see this as being tacked onto our annual heart and lung physical basically, you've gotta do this every year. Everybody's gotta go, and if they -- this was designed to be something along the lines, the suicide prevention program or something like that. That was the intent of the people that crafted the intent, other people who (inaudible) involved this. So what we have is an annual mental wellness assessment to make sure our people are healthy enough mentally and not go home at night and end their life, and we're trying to figure out what that -- that should really be a, how it should even be a accomplished and (inaudible) if we're all doing it differently. So our standard is you have to do it annually.

SOTO: Yeah. It's a -- that's how I read it. And I - and I agree with you. That's -- that's why I brought up the fact that it does look different for smaller agencies who

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don't have somebody on staff or even a wellness program (inaudible). There's going to have to be some work to be done.

SHEA: Again, and by talking with folks about this, when this was going through, this was not a fitness for duty exam, it was supposed to be a (inaudible). It was supposed to a wellness assessment to assist the employee, not to go to the employer and say, this person shouldn't be out doing their job, but how do you not cross that line? And the results of these if, like, our physical we take, are not ours as an individual, they belong to the employer and why the doctor, when he does our physical cannot prescribe something to you, because he found something that hasn't be reported to your employer, who then decides what additional actions are gonna be taking place. We went through this recently where a substitute doctor for the company usually does this. Basically said, oh, you're not good for duty and put him off. Then we found out they can't. It has to go employer, and the employer has to take action. So if this is the same as our heart and lung, then that's what we'd be looking at. medical report would have to come to the employer and the employer take action. How long is it going to take to get that information from that doctor to the employer.

SOTO: Yeah. There's two sides too, depending on what that employee does, has this examination.

SHEA: It's not confidential.

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SOTO: Yeah. There's some -- there's some tricky

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aspects to -- absolute.

SHEA:

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confidential, everything goes to the employer. These would be the same way, if they are handled the same way. If it's meant

There's nothing from our heart and lung that's

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to be a confidential thing that you're doing on the wellness

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behalf of the employee, then we wouldn't be privy to the

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linformation.

SHEA:

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MCKINNEY: Kevin McKinney for the record. I -- I would

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tend to further that confidentiality issue because if -- if --

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if it's totally confidential, how is the employer gonna find

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out if it was even done --

Exactly.

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MCKINNEY: -- if the assessment was even completed, if

16 | it's totally confidential.

SHEA: Exactly.

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SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. Just -- just --

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and -- and again, I think that the bill does not lend itself

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well to the idea confidentiality. That's just me from our

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readings. But I can tell you that, uh, in Maryland, that is

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Um, they have to report to POST that it was done. That's it.

the state that requires -- it's every three to five years.

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There's no other information. And again, staff not -- does

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not want to get into that. We -- we would not recommend that

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-- that the POST commission collect any type of that information. I'm just -- we're talking about confidentiality, uh, that's how they handle it there in that -- that state.

And again, agencies can certainly have their own policy.

Nothing POST currently has, or is being considered here, uh, from our perspective, would prohibit an agency from establishing their own wellness program.

agencies, at least larger agencies in state have already crossed that bridge in terms of when this type of information comes in when it comes to wellness. I think its going to be imperative we share that information with smaller agencies too, so that they can kinda see how we've maneuvered those waters because they're all, they're unique, every single one of them is unique. They're not all the same.

SHEA: Tim Shea again, my thought again is trying to work through this, is that we have to develop some sort of standard, I can see us making standards that say something along the lines, I don't know how to say this properly, but that these exams are not entitled -- not intended to be fitness for duty. They are basically followed along the lines for annual heart and lung examination. I don't how to say that, but basically that's what they're supposed to be, they are wellness exam. These are not fitness for duty exams.

When you go do these heart and lungs, we do get people that we

get a information on that we have to send a follow up to another doctor to then makes a determination on whether or not the person's physically fit to work, maybe a heart issue or something. So I don't know how to word this, but I think that was kind of the intent where we're going. You've got to have some standards, but we can't have one agency saying these are all confidential fitness for duty exams and the person next door saying, oh no, no, these are employer, uh, wellness examinations that we get the results of because I think that's (inaudible).

SHERLOCK: Yeah, Mike Sherlock for the record. Just looking again at the bill. I mean, the -- the problem we've had from the beginning is the language of the bill specifically says, um, conditions that may affect the performance of duties of a peace officer. That -- that's a -- that's a problem in terms of the federal definition of a fitness for duty exam. So, uh, again, our intent is to allow agencies to have their own flexibility and not put the POST commission in the position of mandating fitness for duty exams arbitrarily. Um, but again, at the same time, wellness is an issue, and, you know, we -- we want to establish that. And by the way, I talked to Michelle Freeman and somebody want -- Moreno, uh -- Monroe Moreno at length about this, and yes, I know one intent was because of officer suicide. But the other end of that, looking at the language itself is to assess

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officers, uh, but also to ensure that smaller agencies or other agencies in the state that currently do not have any behavioral wellness program, if there are any, but in their mind there were, that POST create a regulation that requires all agencies to have a behavioral health component. And -- and so that was my take from the meetings with them, uh, at length.

I guess what makes this difficult for me is this -- this is not reactive, normally ours are. Our fitness review exams seems, there all reactive. Joe's gone out and done something and now we've got to address it. This is preemptive and what in the world are preemptive standards. I have no idea, and I think every psychologist, if that is who you end up using, will have a different standard on a different day, depending on what's going on. So I think its going to be very difficult for us to address this and, I don't know, I'm still scratching my head figuring out how in the world we are going to accomplish this. And if it takes two hours -- I'm looking at our area, if it takes two hours per officer and metro has 4000 that have to go through in a year, where do those 8000 hours come from? Who in the world is going to do this? And then, you throw us into the mix, the little ones, and we are looking at, in our county, 7000 officers that have to go get checked every year, somewhere, somehow, some way.

PROSSER: Jamie Prosser for the record. And I agree with you. However, the way this verbiage read -- I probably can tell you six different things we already do in our agency that will probably fit in as a behavioral wellness program. So I struggle with the idea that I can already say that we're doing it, however we need to do more. So if there was a standard that we need to meet, I don't know if we're meeting it.

SOTO: For the record, this is Jason Soto. I don't think we are meeting it for the state. I think that is part of the reason this was brought forward. There were no outlets for certain individuals in this profession in their agencies and, you know, not -- I'm not faulting any of the agencies, this is just something that is, uh, relevant and prominent in our profession and that is wellness. And that kind of goes back to what my interpretation of it was, and that is that there is many programs that we use now, a lot more than 2 hours for our department, and we'd be happy to share that and then I think as a Commission we need to decide which ones are going to be the standards that we have to have in place. I think it's doable for small agencies.

SHEA: (inaudible) again, it's all -- so (inaudible) two standards, two -- two areas (inaudible) for those of us have been in this business for a long time. There are those where officers become self-destructive, but then the other side where they become obstruct, where they become violent

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towards others, and they'll act out and do things to other people as they have this deterioration (inaudible). Those are the two things I think you have to identify, not only possibly cause harm to yourself, but the citizens have stopped being people and they react, and those of us (inaudible) you see that occurring. These are the two things I think we have to look for, so we're talking about emotion and mental health. I think that encompasses both things. We tend to think we have our self-help programs, our peer support, those things normally don't identify themselves. They only identify destructive tendencies for the officer toward themselves, and we just saw an example of this that just took place, and you all had one before I came down here, so where they are destructive towards other people and themselves.

SOTO: No, and I don't disagree with that comment, and I think that I could even expand upon that just based on my background and dealing with officers for over a century now.

I think there might even be a few more where we'd have some sort of standard in place (inaudible). I appreciate the comments.

MCKINNEY: It seems to me like there -- there is -- needs to be almost a two-prong approach to this. One for the evaluation assessment of officers and then one for promotion of wellness. It -- it seems like we're kind of mixing the two in one bag. Uh, I'm not sure what the intent of the statute

SOTO:

workshop, commission meeting. We'll start off with item

January 1st to date. We move on now to the meeting POST

Thank you all for that. Um, (inaudible) comments (inaudible)

is. To me, reading the statute, it seems like it's for the evaluation, not for the program to promote wellness. So I think we're kind, uh, trying to combine into one rather than fulfilling the -- the statute.

SOTO: I think that is certainly something we can certainly look at and decide on two separate components (inaudible) share with your agency (inaudible) that approach is taken with a lot of agencies already (inaudible).

MCKINNEY: Yeah. I -- I agree with you because, like you said, pretty coincident, we have an evaluation, then we allow them to participate in some sort of program counseling, peer support, whatever, uh, so what you do have is a two, it's a two-pronged approach.

SOTO: I think the big change, just when I read this, well, there was a time in all of our careers where there was only one event that would prompt that, normally, and that would be some type of OIS and an evaluation afterwards.

Today, there's just a multitude of things that can prompt that, some of us recognize that and use that, and some of us just don't have the resources to do that. That's going to be the tricky part (inaudible) the entire state.

Any other comments from any of our commission?

number one, discussion public comment and for possible action,

approval of minutes from May 5th, 2022, regular -- regularly scheduled POST commission meeting. Do you have any public comments on that? Any comments from commissioners on that? Seeing as though there's none, I'm looking for motion to approve -- to approve the minutes.

ALLEN: Mike Allen. I'll make a motion to approve the minutes.

SOTO: Motion to second.

SHEA: Tim Shea. I'll second.

SOTO: Motion and second. All those in favor, say aye.

MEMBERS: Aye.

SOTO: Opposed. Motion carries unanimously. Item number two, information executive director report. Now, I'll turn this over to Mr. Sherlock for an update on POST activity.

SHERLOCK: Thank you, Chief. Mike Sherlock for the record. I'm -- I'm already losing my voice. I feel like I'm at a judiciary hearing or something. Um, just not too much going on. Basic training just started a new academy, uh, yesterday, uh, so if you see recruits in the hallway crying, just ignore them. Um, advanced training, uh, we just finished up the development of the Nevada supervisory leadership institute. Uh, we're pretty excited about that. Um, you know, too often POST is accused of simply creating training to

check a box for a certificate or -- or for promotion, that 1 type of thing. Uh, giving -- given our limited resources, we 2 -- we really have to strive to improve. I -- I think we're 3 finally getting somewhere. SLI was important to us. As we 5 don't really have a -- a program from -- for supervisor to lieutenant or to management, uh, transition, uh, in this 6 7 state, uh, you know, we don't have a command college or other programs, uh, so we, uh, worked with California, frankly, but, 8 uh, some of their good, uh -- some of the, uh, big developers of SLI happen to live up here in Northern Nevada, so that 10 11 helps and (inaudible) aspect. This program, uh, would be a little bit different than our normal training programs, we'll 12 13 take application. Uh, we strive to have, uh, in each class, uh, attendees from different regions of Nevada to share 14 experiences. It'll be more of a modified in person 15 facilitated type curriculum, uh, two or three days a month for 16 17 four months total. So again, we're pretty excited. Um, uh, 18 again, uh, California has a similar model that, uh, everybody across the country steals from, but, uh, even there, they have 19 20 a two, three year waiting list to get into SLI. We hope to have that same interest here. We, uh, just updated and 21 22 created new basic investigator class, that should be coming up 23 on our website for signups. Um, we have a bunch of other advanced curriculum in development right now. Over in our 24 25 standards area, um, we still have a lot of people out of

compliance for training, uh, for their annual training, uh, component. Really not sure how to move forward, uh, but we will have a meeting in September of the commission, uh, to address suspensions for non-compliance. Uh, we're at about 70 people right now across the state, um, mostly from one agency, but, um, it's a problem and hopefully the commission will be able to address that in September. Uh, we're in the budget build, uh, time, uh, for the next, uh, biennium, you know. Again, not really sure where to go, which way the wind's blowing, but, um, we'll see what happens. We're, uh -- as I mentioned before, we are still being audited. Uh, we're -we're really hopeful that the audit will give us some ammunition in terms of budgeting and that kind of thing. Sounds like they really do intend to -- they recognize our issues with budget and that kind of thing we we're hoping that'll help, and that's coming from the governor's office. Uh, recently testified in front of the combined judici -judiciary committee. Uh, you may have heard us talk, it was not fun. Uh, let me just say I did my best to deflect the constant blows. You know, Sheriff Allen was there and he may have more to say, but, uh, we did our best (inaudible) on that one. Uh, one area that staff has been working on at the suggestion of some of the commissioners, um, is a physical readiness standard as an annual certifi -- certification requirement for future certificate recipients. Um, I can tell

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you the trend around the country is to have a physical fitness or readiness standards for incumbents. Uh, I recently conducted a survey across the country through IADLEST and just for your own information here is what is going on, all, but a couple of states have a minimum, uh, entrance physical component or a cert -- certification physical component. Maryland requires an annual physical test, failure results and loss of certification. New Hampshire requires a fitness test every three years, which is also, uh, uh, a requirement of certification, um, and talking New Hampshire, their advice is, uh, at a minimum to make an annual rather than three years, uh, and all states, they never use a skilled passing score for gender or other classes. In other words, make it a readiness test, which is what we are, uh, today. Um, North Carolina just completed an extensive study and they're implementing an annual physical fitness requirement. Uh, based on that study, their study found, uh -- well, nearly every credible peer reviewed study has found officers are in poor shape. This condition impacts performance and health. Increases cost both from the perspective of -- of public trust, but also budget and annual requirements improve these areas. Also, agency concerns on these standards affecting staffing levels is unfounded. The study found annual physical fitness requirements do not cause a greater turnover for loss of personnel. Uh, Texas, and actually several other states

require agencies to have fitness standards. Uh, a lot, you 1 may have seen Texas, DPS and, uh, some new mandates. 2 California requires a test for certification, and when 3 transferring from one agency to another, they just completed a 5 pretty extensive JTA for that. Uh, I don't have all of 'em in front of me, but again, the trend is, uh, to go to an annual 6 7 physical, uh -- Guam for an example, uh, and yes, Guam as part of the United States, implemented a physical readiness requirement that was retroactive, uh, and they lost a fair number of officers. Clearly, um, they have more flexibility 10 than we would have here in -- in implementing that type of 11 thing. Uh, our recommendation, moving forward, would make it, 12 uh, for future certificate, uh, applicants. IACP just 13 14 completed a lengthy study on officer wellness, and I think 1.5 they are kicking out or just implemented a model program, uh, with the first one being Arizona. Uh, their conclusion is 16 17 states must have a physical fitness component to their annual 18 requirement. So all that said for once, it would be nice to see Nevada up with leading states on this issue. Um, it was 19 20 one -- it is one legacy we can leave that benefits the 21 officer, but also benefits the community. In the (inaudible) 22 agency, nearly every peer reviewed and credible study has 23 concluded that behavior of health wellness and physical health are not exclusive of each other and actually, it's the 24 25 opposite that you cannot have one without the other. Um, in

the commission.

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any case, we'll have a workshop, uh, in the future on this 1 issue, uh, again, coming from some of the commissioners, um, 2 on -- on these, uh -- on this physical issue, uh -- physical 3 fitness issue. Uh, one last thing, Mike Jensen has been with 5 POST as the legal advisor since 1996, that's some 26 years, uh, for those bad on math. Uh, Mike has announced his 6 retirement. Um, I can tell you for one, I truly will miss 7 Mike -- Mike's advice, his assistance over my years here. His 9 -- his historical knowledge and expertise related to all of POST operation is something that just cannot be replaced. Um, 10 I just want to thank Mike for a service to our community and 11 to POST, Mike tells me this will be his last meeting, but, uh, 12 we're gonna have to get him back at some point for a parting 13 gift, but, uh, Mike's put up with me for a long time and --14 and, uh, I really, uh, will miss him. So thank you Mike for 15 everything you for everything you've done for the POST. Um, 16 in the interest of time, (inaudible) answer and questions from 17

SOTO: Well, congratulations on your retirement. I thought you weren't going to say parting gift, I thought you were going to say party. Thank you for your service. It's been a pleasure working with you. The commission certainly really leaned on you heavily in the years, and we're going to miss you. Any -- does anybody -- any of the commission have any questions to our executive director on his report?

ALLEN: Mike Allen for the record. Thank you. I have a couple of things. First of all, want to congratulate Mike Jensen on his retirement. I think we go back 26 years when I first met you. He'd been a wealth of knowledge and support through -- throughout for me throughout my career as well, so I appreciate all that, Mike. Mike was involved heavily involved in -- in forfeitures for the state, seizures and forfeiture. I recently -- well, reasonably, probably six, eight months ago, um, reached out to a lot of question and he didn't hesitate to ask, but to follow up on the judiciary hearing that, uh, Director Sherlock brought up, one of my concerns and the reason why I showed up is it seems like there is a lack of understanding of the rural resources, and I don't know if, uh, Kevin McKinney can chime in here, but the use of the restraint chair in the jail is one of the main reasons why I went to that meeting and is before you could use that chair, according to the bill, is you have to have the -- the person who you want to place in the chair, um, medically evaluated. And in Humboldt county is, you know, how are we going to have somebody medically evaluated before we can place somebody in a chair. You -- we'd have to call the hospital hope that there is, uh, a emergency room doctor on staff that would be able to leave and come over and to evaluate this person to see if we can put him in the chair. Um, and I go back to my first physical arrest that I was involved in almost 40 years ago.

enforcement as a whole.

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Um, and that person was destructive against himself. We had 1 to put him at that time in a straight jacket and a helmet. and 2 I think it's important that we get the message out to 3 legislators that -- that we have to take into consideration of 5 what each resource is or our community resources we have, um, available because -- and in the long run is who's gonna get 6 hurt is that person who needs to go in the chair. And I don't 7 know if -- if Elko county had a 24/7 medical staff on hand, we 8 through the ARPA funds are finally getting at least, you know, um, five days a week, uh, covered, but it's a battle to get 10 11 the commission to accept that we need more medical staff on hand, uh, for that. But in the future as I'm on my way out as 12 13 well at the end of the year, um, I think that -- that we need to take, we, collectively as -- as a profession in law 14 enforcement, we need to take into consideration what all of 1.5 our resources are that we have in each individual county and 16 how that can -- can, uh, damage the reputation of law 17

MCKINNEY: I -- I can make a comment. Um, my concern that, uh, -- is that in Elko County, they -- they -- they -- jail often requires us to -- to get a person medically clear to even enter the jail. When you have a violent subject who needs to be restrained, we're gonna have to take that violent person unrestrained to the hospital, where they pose a danger to medical staff. We're creating by doing that, we're

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creating an issue, where we're endangering the emergency room personnel because we can't restrain them. It seems nonsensible to me.

Thank you for that. Thank you for both of those comments. I do agree that we need to have a flow of information (inaudible) legislative decisions or some type of conduit to really explain to them some of the challenges we face when we remove some of these policies we currently have in place. There's got to be something that Mr. Sherlock can look into in terms of that flow of information because I agree it's not just that there's a multitude of issues where decisions are being made that have an effect on our profession. I don't know if everybody's rehearsed enough in terms of understanding what that is going to do (inaudible). I think that one of the things that we can utilize now is we have a couple of new members to our commission that can help us with some of that dialog and explanation that (inaudible) moving forward. There's several of us.

YOUNG: Uh, I have a question. Being new to the commission, but have we done any type of, like a gap analysis or asset or resource mapping that shows what happens in the rules compares to other places? Because that -- when we talk about the definition and terminology and language, as my fellow commissioners have said, it may not apply across all systems, and so we are speaking to the legislature, right? We

can speak in terms of language that we understand maybe around this table, but if there's not maybe a visual representation or some piece of map that shows this is what this looks like in Carlin compared to this is what this looks like in Reno and Sparks, something that will support and help kind of validate and fight that case when we're talking about access, and when we make decisions or the legislature makes decisions on behalf of each agency that it lands appropriately so that each agency can still be successful.

SHERLOCK: Yeah, Sherlock for the record. I -- I don't know that -- that even falls under our mission, but it sounds like a good project for Nevada Sheriff's and Chiefs. Um, but yeah, we -- that's not something that we would necessarily be involved in, uh, in terms of resources or budgeting or any of that thing, uh, type of thing. Yeah, I think you're right. I think it's important for the legislature having deal with them all the time. Uh, it would be nice if they had, you know, some -- something to fall back on that they understand.

past, we've had -- we've had -- certainly had that dialogue, we've had those relationships with the legislature. There's been a lot of changes over the course of the last 5 years where I think we need to dedicate some resources to that.

Doesn't necessarily come from this commission, I think every agency can take a step into having those conversations, having

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SHEA:

SOTO:

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aye.

it can have on our profession or (inaudible). Any other questions, uh, any other input for

that dialogue to help them better understand the impacts that

Sherlock? Okay. I'm gonna move on to item number three, discussion, public common and possible action. The commission to discuss and take action to adopt, amend or repeal the regulations as follows. Item A, LCB file R078-21 amend NAC 289.110 to reflect revisions and to comply with the requirements with NRS 289.510 subsection C1 regarding inquiries into implicit bias for peace officer applicants. We'll turn this over to Mr. Sherlock for background on this.

SHERLOCK: Uh, Mike Sherlock for the record. Again, these were items that, uh, just heard from public comment hearings on, um -- and -- and on this, uh, first file R07-21, uh, staff would recommend that the commission adopt this, uh, change. And again, this is, uh, coming out the legislative amendment.

Do we have any public comment on this? Do we have any comment from the commissioners? All right. Seeing as though there is none, looking for a motion to adopt the regulation changes to NAC 289.110.

Commissioner Young. I make a motion to adopt. YOUNG:

A motion. Do I have a second. SOTO:

I'll second.

A motion and a second. All those in favor, say

MEMBERS: Aye.

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Can I get a second? SOTO:

PROSSER: Second.

TROUTEN: So moved.

SOTO: All those in favor, say aye.

Opposed? Motion carries unanimously. Item SOTO: number B, LCB file R079-21, amend NAC 289.230 to reflect revisions and to comply with requirements of NRS289.510 subsection c 2 to include crisis intervention training as part of the annual requirements. Um, again, turn this over to Mike Sherlock for back up on this.

SHERLOCK: Uh, again, Mike Sherlock for the record. And we did have a public, uh, comment hearing on this one. one thing I didn't mention, and I will add that, uh, on this particular, uh, change I did, uh, work with, uh, Mr. Frierson now, um, on the language and I really appreciate what he was able to do. He changed the language, um, understood our issues and how it applies to what we do, and that's where the language came out, very simple language, uh, and, uh, we appreciate, uh, his help on that one. I mean staff would recommend that, uh, commission adopt these changes.

Thank you for that. Do we have any public SOTO: comment on this? Any comments from the commission? right. I'm looking for a motion to adopt the regulation changes to NAC289.230.

MEMBERS: Aye.

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Motion carries unanimously. Item number C, LCB SOTO: file R052-221, amend NAC289.047 to reflect revisions to the definition of executive level position. I'm gonna turn this over to Mr. Sherlock for background on this.

SHERLOCK: Yeah, Mike Sherlock for the record. This, uh, particular, uh, change, uh, is, uh, simply the definition of an executive level position. Uh, that language came out of, uh, two workshops, and then we had a public comment hearing and staff, on this particular one, uh, would, uh, recommend, uh, adoption of this regulation change.

SOTO: Okay. Public comment on this? Any comment from the commission? All right, moving forward. Go ahead.

SHEA: Tim -- Tim Shea.

Yes, sir. SOTO:

Uh, I disagree with this language. It is -- I SHEA: believe that the state shouldn't be in the place -- mainly us -- determining and telling people who their executive staff is. And this is so restrictive that it would take a very large (inaudible) for another agency and basically with thousands of personnel and reduce it to about four to five. believe that it should say something along the lines of executive level position means position held by a peace officer in, which the officer is a, the chief executive of an agency or B, is acknowledged and confirmed by the chief

executive of an agency to be in an executive level position as determined by their respective agency. In other words, the head of the agency determines who's executive staff is, we don't tell them who they are, they do, and I -- I just don't understand why we want to be so restrictive on who's handling the executive level positions. And I think I should have the ability to determine who my executive level positions are (inaudible).

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. So that's what we thought we did. Um, this language says that the current chief executive affirms that that person is executive level, is that not?

SHEA: And -- and to be in direct line and immediately available and authorized to act as chief executive of an agency during the absence of the chief executive. I suppose I could turn around and say, I could authorize everybody down to the rank Sergeant to fill in for me if I felt like it. But that's not what -- what -- what we were trying to say. So agencies should be free to determine who their executive staff is to fill those positions, not a qualifier that well you can fill in for me.

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. So this is an individual certificate. So we're not asking agencies to des - designate a rank in -- as that direct, what we're saying is you're affirming to us, that person, that individual is -- we

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give that to the agency head, we're not determining that, you're determining and telling us, and we don't care what their rank is, that that person is in your system an executive level position, and -- and the -- the -- as you recall, the workshops and -- and two of them, the issue was rank and POST deciding what that executive level position was. So our intent was to put that back on you for the individual, and we -- we -- that's how we see this language. That you tell us who the executive is.

SHEA: And this is Tim Shea again. I didn't interpret that way. In the direct line and immediately available, to my mind, it means that's the next person. If you have to go down through an org chart, that's not the correct line, it's those — maybe other people. So if you go to that one sentence and just say to be in an executive level position as determined by their respective agency, doesn't that in fact do that without any conflicting or misinterpretable language, because again, direct line and immediately available means you're next.

SHERLOCK: Correct. Mike Sherlock for the record. So the challenge for staff as from the workshop, one of the comments or several of the comments were, you know, if you have a line officer, should we allow them the executive certificate simply because the chief says that that person is an executive level person. There's no easy way to -- to -- for us to establish that, and that's where this language came from, is try to, you

that's a tough thing to do.

my -- my position is we shouldn't be making these exclusive

qualifiers. They should be part of a career development

program, and they should be helping our folks to move into

these levels, not get the certificate after they've already

a certificate to be a doctor until you're a doctor, but you

can't become a doctor until you have a certificate. So

instead of it being a career development program where we

moving up, we're saying, you gotta get them one of these

encourage our people to go out and get trained, educated, and

exclusive positions as a qualifier, even to get this, and I'm

saying, I don't have a problem with that, as long as I get to

determine in my agency who those people are that move ahead.

determine who's gonna go to Northwestern not a qualifier in

the NAC or the NRS, you know. I prefer to leave it open so

the agencies can determine who those people are. Again, 10

years from now, as people debate what that direct line and

immediately available mean, in my pea brain, it's the next

person in line, because it's direct and immediate, not 3

I determine who's gonna go the FBI national academy. I

gotten it. It's like, you're gonna be a doctor, you can't get

know -- try to add -- address that issue that came up, um, and

Again, I -- I understand Mike, but, and again,

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ALLEN:

levels down..

Mike Allen for the record. Um, so I do

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remember when this -- this first passed the POST commission. Uh, at that time, my father-in-law might have been, again, the chair for the POST commission. We had a conversation about this. If -- if I remember right, what you're saying is exactly true. What the purpose of this executive certificate was for was for those people who have reached that exclusive position throughout their career and to be recognized through this POST certification. Now we have changed that meaning. So are -- should we look at another level below executive certificate to fall into what Commissioner Shea is saying or do we want to make it that exclusive position? And I -- I agree with the language myself that that's there. I think it's there, I think it's, you know, it's -- it's clear, I think it will apply to my agency to who anybody who I want to receive that executive level. But I think we're just putting too much on it and we're making it too broad of a statement to mean anything, which basically takes away from us who have made it to that -- that exclusive level as -- as he's saying.

MCKINNEY: Kevin McKinney. (inaudible) I -- I would -- I would tend to disagree with, uh, Chief Shea. I -- I believe that the executive certificate is something you achieve after you obtain position. The management level certificate is what you would obtain as, uh, Sheriff Allen mentioned, the level below, executive. If you have a management certificate that -- that would make you a -- a midlevel manager, uh, and the

executive is for executive positions. I don't -- I don't see an issue with having this language in there. Uh, I believe the career advancement, you know, first line supervisor to management to executive is -- is a natural progression.

SHERLOCK: Uh, Mike Sherlock for the record. Just so you know, the staff will do what the commission wants. We look at the certificates as recognition of experience, training and position, and so the executive certificate is recognition that you've completed a certain amount of training and education, that you've gone through the promotion process and been promoted, and now you're acting in a position that needs the definition of executive level, and we give you -- that's how we currently look at it. Clearly, if the commission wants to go a different direction and take change that we staff, we staff would -- we can only do what --- what the design is.

PROSSER: So Jamie Prosser for the record. Um, I actually agree with Commissioner Shea because to me, the way this is written, it would only apply to Sheriff Lombardo, Undersheriff Darcy and potentially our three assistant sheriffs. However, it can get down to D, like we've talked about the workshop, I have not completed my intermediate, my advance, my supervisor, my management certificates, so I have captains that work for me that are eligible for an executive certificate based on that. Yet based on your proposal for this verbiage, I'm not eligible for it. So that's where I get

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-- I -- I agree that if he agree with the verbiage 1 proposed, as far as saying that the chief -- the -- the 2 sheriff should be able to say who his chief executive people 3 are for the agency. And when we had the workshop, there was a 5 lot of other agencies there who, um, smaller agencies that base their promotion on certificates, base their pay on 6 7 certificates. I'm fortunate that doesn't happen in my department, but I would hate for us to cut out the potential 8 for other agencies to continue achieving those promotions and 10 pay rates.

SHERLOCK: Yeah, so Mike Sherlock for the record. So we would have to remove the connection of the executive certificate to other certificates.

SHEA: That's not what I was proposing, Mike. My -the language that was difficult for me is to be in the direct
line. That to me, if you look at our org chart is direct
line.

SHERLOCK: I understand.

SHEA: And immediately available. Immediately available is not that -- that hard, but the direct line is what's difficult, and if it's up to the agencies to determine, and I have no disagreement that you have to get this position for you to qualify. I just don't think it should be this number one and number two in a large agency of thousands of people or hundreds of people and only 2 can qualify and that's

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all. I think it's what workshop was about, is -- is to open it a little bit so you aren't just the boss or number two guy, but if we just could massage the language a little bit for the intent, which the intent was to open it up a little bit and let the agencies determine that who those folks are then that's -- I -- I thought that was the intent.

SHERLOCK: Mike Sher -- Sherlock for the record. I agree.

That -- that is what we took. Absolutely. Whether this

language does that or not, that's the other issue, and -- and,

you know, but (inaudible) --

SHEA: That's -- that's what I was talking about -that's what I was talking about when you have to be in the
position, you can be number one or number two, and it should
at least have the next level down in these larger agencies to
be able to do that. When I was a bureau chief in the
Sheriff's office, there was no restriction or certifications I
could get the undersheriff and the sheriff. But under this
language, I'm not so sure that would -- that would pertain.
And for me, um, I have a commander soon to be a deputy chief
title, but would the people below him be eligible for this?
They're not in a direct line I guess, I don't know. That's
where I get confused.

YOUNG: Commissioner Young. And yes, my word for today, semantics. But, uh, again, I -- so I -- I hear what you're saying. And my question is, is the issue that the

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chief executive of an agency to be in direct line or is in direct line because those are two different statements. So from an org chart is in direct line would mean the people that are directly underneath that chief. Is this saying that that person by being given the executive level position or certificate can then be put in direct line of the opportunity to be immediately available and authorized to act upon or act as chief? And those are -- those are two different statements. So I'm just --

SHERLOCK: Yeah. Mike Sherlock for the record. And I -I -- I understand. The other thing I think the commission has
to keep in mind is they're all intertwined, right? So if you
change the regulation on executive to allow people that would
normally be management forces staff to relook at management,
and then if -- if management is broadened to first line, it
forces the staff. Not that that's a bad thing, just
understand the way the structure currently is a progression,
and if you change that, it changes all of them. And -- and so
that's why we're -- I would agree on this language. We -- we
understood and we thought the, uh, interpretation of this
would allow the chief -- chief executive to make that decision
on who is an executive level position, but not affect the
management certificate or the first line supervisor
certificate, if that makes sense.

SHEA: I believe if you strike the word direct, that

might help. Executive to be in line and available and authorized to act as a chief executive. So take out immediately and direct that would loosen that language up a little bit so that (inaudible), otherwise, again, 10 years from now, I would think that this meant this my number two guy and that's it.

SHERLOCK: Yeah, Mike Sherlock for the record. Again, language has meaning. Ten years from now, I'd look at that and go, the brand-new guy not off probation, if the chief of police decides that they are in line, which everybody is and authorized, they can be chief. And that, and again, that's okay. Just understand what -- what language goes both ways.

TROUTEN: Ty Trouten for the record. I would also caution against moving it immediately available. The point being is that they're prepared. They are not well as soon as we get them through a leadership course or this and that when they could. They are prepared (inaudible). They have attended the leadership trainings, they have their education, all of these things. This is opening the game a little bit to allow other than just chief executive of each agency specifically without same time opening to anybody and everybody. And I've seen that with other certificates, as I've seen the approval of this. I've had questions about supervisor certificates looking at agencies, well who that person supervise. They're not supervisors. And we all know

that cops, they love semantics, and they'll quibble over words, every minute they can. I -- I'm comfortable with the language as is. I -- I think this a broadening to some extent without opening the flood gates (inaudible).

SHEA: What about changing available to capable?

Because available and capable are two different things in my mind. Available means you're here, capable means you're -- you have the ability to do something.

TROUTEN: I was thinking solely to not removing immediately.

SHEA: Yeah, (inaudible). immediately capable, which you have all the skills, you have all the training and background and ability to do the job. To me available means you're here. You're not on vacation, immediately available, which person's there right now. Something happened to me. He's there right now and can do it. Capable means a person has the background training skill and ability to do it and he's authorizing that. So, I'm capable and authorized. Is that what you're trying to say, Mike, with available?

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. The -- the important part is authorized there. Because remember, this is the definition of an executive level position. So I, you know -- you might have people that are capable, but they're not in an executive level position so. By saying authorized, that may move them -- that may -- that may be okay, I -- I -- I

suppose when you use capable with -- with authorized. There's a definition.

SOTO: I'm comfortable with the language as it reads, and I think there is enough discretion (inaudible). Not that I'm not listening to everybody in the room and understand the words and the definition of that specific word are different interpretations as to who's reading it, but I'm comfortable with the language. I think we've had discussion in terms of where we are at on this, and if we're not comfortable as a group, all of not (inaudible).

NIEL: Russ -- Russ Niel for the record. I'm also comfortable with the language as it is. I've discussed this with people and, uh, you know, in direct line, um, in my agency, there's three deputy chiefs, any one of us can fill in for the chief, um, at any given time. It doesn't have to go down seniority or where you operate out of north, south or whatever. Um, so I'm okay with that language and the term available, if you're not capable, you shouldn't be available to be in that position. So that goes -- that speaks to your training experience and the people you supervise. And with the chair, I agree, the language is just fine as it.

TOGLIATTI: George Togliatti for the record, uh, I think authorized takes care of all the problems. (inaudible) the direct line (inaudible) like semantics here, uh, I don't (inaudible) agencies (inaudible).

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STRAUB: Rob Straub for the record. (inaudible) commissioner, uh, that chief (inaudible). So (inaudible). As the existing chief (inaudible).

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. Yeah -- yeah, and -- and I understand that completely. I -- I think that from our perspective though, it's not emetic. We used to use org charts, right? That is how we determine who fell in. This removes that requirement, and so if Joe Lombardo says, you're in direct line, you've complied with the -- regardless of what -- we don't see the org chart anymore. So if (inaudible) director Togliatti says, you know, you're -you're -- you are in direct line and eligible in an executive level position, you have met -- and in our mind, staff minds you've met the requirement of this regulation, and that's why we put it back on the chief executive, uh, from that perspective, uh, if that makes sense. Um --

PROSSER: (inaudible), you're -- you're saying exactly what we're saying, but to me it doesn't read that way. That's

SHERLOCK: Right, and that's --

PROSSER: -- and to me, it still reads the number one and number two. You're saying exactly -- but if you -- I mean, if everyone wants to vote for that to stay that way and (inaudible) I think as agencies, we have to remember to ensure that we pass this along as we grow out of our agencies so that

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the next people in line understand but that's not just the sheriff and the undersheriff.

STRAUB: Rob Straube for the record. Director Sherlock, quick question, just for my knowledge. When this is being submitted, who's doing the evaluation, just for my knowledge. As far as the direct line, who's doing that kind of checklist? Or are you relying on the chief executive?

SHERLOCK: So again, Mike Sherlock for the record. As you can see, the language here that the chief executive, as they currently do, sends a letter, but also includes the org chart to show that they're specific under the current regulation. This regulation says the chief executive sends a letter and says, this individual is in direct line and authorized to do my job if I'm not here and staff looks at (inaudible). We get the letter -- we don't -- staff doesn't determine whether or not it meets the definition of direct line, but rather whether or not the chief executive has determined that that individual is in direct line. And that's how we evaluate -- would evaluate that, we don't make that determination.

SHEA: Okay, Mike. T Shea. I have a question then. So no longer when you submit somebody for this executive level, you no longer require to submit an org chart?

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. (inaudible) correct. If -- if this regulation is adopted, that's correct.

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ALLEN: Mike Allen, I'll make the motion to adopt.

SOTO:

Motion granted, second?

SOTO: I'll just make a comment based off of what comments that are made here because a lot of 'em make sense in terms of whoever that executive is in that agency. Really is the person that's going to say, who is or who isn't qualified. Now, depending on that agency, you might get a chief or a sheriff who doesn't -- that's not how he or she interprets it, and -- and it's kind what we have right now, because I can tell you that I have had situations in which I didn't have deputy chief available because of trainings or whatever it might be (inaudible) go, uh, one step below or somebody who's in charge. I'm -- I'm comfortable with that because of their training and their qualifications. We both (inaudible) will be able to use language to (inaudible) to make that direction and if they don't, maybe that's something that should be brought up (inaudible), certainly would have to build

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock. One -- one more reminder for record. Uh, this is the one certificate that must be approved by the commission. So the commission would see that at the time we presented to the commission for final approval.

SOTO: So after all that comments, I'm looking for a motion to adopt the regulation changes to NAC 289.047. Can I get a motion?

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1 | NIEL: Russ Niel, I'll second.

SOTO: Motion to second. All those in favor, say aye.

MEMBERS: Aye.

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SOTO: Opposed.

MEMBERS: Nay.

SOTO: Get any nays?

UNIDENTIFIED MALE: Three.

SOTO: Motion carries. Item D, LCB file R053-22 amend NAC 289.270 to reflect changes to requirements. The executive certificate requirements of NRS 289.510 subsection C1 (inaudible).

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. I'll try not to open a can of worms here. But we did have one, uh, comment during the public comment, uh, hearing, I'll just address that for the commission real quick. In terms of the five consecutive years, uh, and looking at that, uh, the thought was with others involved that, um, in terms of sheriffs, for example, um, five years allows them for their community to assess them, and they're reelected. That's where the five years came from, to be honest with you. Um, in addition to that five years is clearly different than three years in terms of, uh, um, you know, budget cycle, all those things. So that's where the five year came, wasn't totally arbitrary. Uh, in terms of laterals from out of state, I believe was the question, uh, or the concern, um — we're trying to address

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the issue with, uh, hiring command staff from out of state 1 that came up during the workshop and working groups. And one 2 of the -- the issues with the current regulation was, uh, 3 someone coming from Texas or wherever, had a executive 5 certificate from that state and their requirements were every bit as stringent, if not more than ours, and yet we would not 6 7 give them a management or -- or executives. So this simply, uh, removes that concern, uh, recognizes that training from 8 out state and their accompli -- accomplishments out of state that are equal to ours, um, in the state of Nevada, and that's 10 11 where that came from. So that would be a process for us to evaluate that other state to see if they have the same 12 13 certificate. We already know what the arguments are about education and training. Again, the current structure of our 14 certificates are about training, education and the position 1.5 level. Some of that training is pertinent to Nevada. 16 17 the Nevada POST Commission, you're working in the state of 18 Nevada, we want to value and recognize Nevada POST accomplishments and that's where some of that comes from. 19 20 we now will open this up and allow recognition for those out of state, uh, people moving into the Nevada from and -- and 21 22 from a command level perspective. And that's where the 23 language, uh, was from.

TOGLIATTI: George Togliatti for the record. I noticed on the last page here, you talking about granting a

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experience as a sheriff and, you know, been the sheriff for 10

certificate you mention sheriff, county, there's no mention of the state law enforcement.

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. Um, no mention (inaudible) their current. Uh -- (inaudible). Yeah, yeah, I -- I would agree, director, uh, that could be a problem. uh, from our perspective, we only have jurisdiction over Nevada. So, you know, uh, but makes sense.

MCKINNEY: Kevin McKinney. I agree it doesn't include any state agencies.

Number two, it says the commission shall grant SHEA: it grant an executive certificate to an officer upon submission of proof satisfactory that an officer has an elected or appointed to the position of sheriff of a county, of a chief or a metropolitan city or city police department. There's no way for a head of a state agency under sub, number two, (inaudible) state (inaudible) five years. So if you ran DPS for five years (inaudible).

SHERLOCK: True. Mike Sherlock for the record. That's true. That's what it says.

record. Understand what that one pro -- provision is about, where we had some rural sheriffs that, um, their argument is that they were unable to attend training because of their rural location, and yet we -- we do not recognize their

SHERLOCK: Sorry. (inaudible). Mike Sherlock for the

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TOGLIATTI:

just thinking 10 years in advance. I would say 10 years from

I'm gonna blame Tim Shea on this one.

years and they still can't get the executive certificate.

That was specifically to address that one issue.

JENSEN: For the record, Mike Jensen. Just kind of piggyback on that, I think if you look at the reg, this doesn't mean a state agency head can't get an executive certificate, it just means under this specific provision that just by position you can get an executive certificate. It would not include the state agency head under that. Whether that's right or wrong, that the way I read that. Whether that's a good policy I guess, not right or wrong. That's how I would read it, so.

TOGLIATTI: George Togliatti for the record. I think
I'm going back, maybe it's not semantics, but it's just not
it.

JENSEN: No, that's correct. Uh, but it's --

TOGLIATTI: (inaudible).

SHERLOCK: Well, Mike Sherlock for the record. I think what I would add to that is your position does not have to be POST certified. And so we would have to expand on that language even more to say, if you're the -- if you're a director, one of the exempt directors and you have a POST basic certificate, then you would be eligible for the executive -- executive certificate, see that.

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now, we may have a total different organization which would include, now we have Cannibus. There's gonna be some movement in place, to have their own investigative agency like Gaming. So I'm just thinking for the future put that State of Nevada or State agency in there makes a lot of sense.

SHERLOCK: Yeah, Mike Sherlock for the -- for the record. Staff's perspective is, you know, saying that someone has to have a certain amount of training for the certificate's not a bad thing in any case.

SHEA: Tim Shea for the record. It says will grant an executive certificate to an officer. So I assume definition of officer is somewhere in this section that identifies them as someone who has proper POST certifications. So if that definition of an officer's (inaudible) certifications, it would then include those people that work for the state that have that certification exclude those that do not because they would not meet the definition of officer.

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. Uh, Director Togliatti's position, for example, is an officer position. So there are officer positions that do not come under the jurisdiction of POST.

SOTO: I'll just weigh in with this. I'm comfortable with the language as it stands. I do, uh,, tend to, uh, agree with some of the views brought up by Togliatti and Shea in terms of maybe this Commission taking a look at adding some

additional language for some of these positions that may come to fruition in the future. Just to insulate our (inaudible) and our regulations. That's where I stand on it, if that means anything. Any other comments? Okay.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE: Mr. -- Mr. Chairman.

SOTO: Go ahead.

UNIDENTIFIED: Uh, now that we've adopted the language for executive certificate, uh, subsection H. Um, submitting a letter of recommendation signed by the agency, the letter must include the organizational chart, which demonstrates the applicant's position that has not been stricken. Thank you.

SHERLOCK: Yeah, Mike Sherlock for the record. Uh, Chief Floyd just pointed that out to me, but again, it's, uh, for record staff, they're looking at whether or not -- in terms of -- and we're back on the executive level, which (inaudible), but they're looking at whether or not it meets that language, uh, in terms of the chief executive designating that person.

SOTO: (inaudible) comments from anybody (inaudible).

So I'm looking for a motion to adopt the regulation we have in front of us, changes to NAC 289.270. Do I have a motion?

SHEA: So I ask a point of clarification. Is this excluding the ability of -- like the head of the Nevada state police head department, public safety, they're excluded from being able to do this?

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. No, they're --

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they're excluded from the -- from that subsection that allows the sheriff and chief to apply. They're not excluded from the certificate. They meet the requirements of the executive certificate, of course they can get the certificate. They're not excluded in any way, uh, (inaudible).

MCKINNEY: This would apply, say in my situation, where I was unable to go to FBI National Academy or to, you know, some sort of Northwestern and if I were the chief for five years, I would be eligible for my executive certificate. I mean, I -- I don't think state executive would be in that position, normally, where they wouldn't able to attain the necessary training requirement that -- I think that's the intent of that section.

TROUTEN: Ty Trouten, just for the record. Clarifying. What you're saying is there's two paths for the executive certification. One, which, um, we've talked about ad nauseam, but then the second one, which is a catch all for more, uh, rural, smaller agencies that may not have the provisions to reach that. So state employees, county employees, state employees, whatever agency are still (inaudible) first, uh, subsection (inaudible), correct?

SHERLOCK: That's correct.

SOTO: Looking for a motion to adopt a regulation changes NAC 289.270. Looking for a motion. All right, any other discussions? Okay, we're gonna move on item number

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four, discussion, public comment, and possible action. The commission decided whether to continue to rule making process regarding the establishment of new regulation pursuant to Assembly Bill 336. I'm going to turn this over to Mike Sherlock for information on this item.

SHERLOCK: Uh, Mike Sherlock for the record. Uh, again, this is, uh, dealing with the annual behavior -- behavior wellness visit, uh, uh, bill. Um, we've had a lot of discussion about the language, uh, the commission, and, uh, we'd be recommending that the commission, um, continue the rule making process on this particular item, um, we could go to another workshop to keep working on language. Um, again, based on some of the pressure from the legislature, I would, uh, remind the commission that, um, uh, this bill goes into effect in January, and I hate to go beyond that in terms of our process. The other option is to, uh, have the language that's been presented so far sent over to LCB, and it would come back to the commission for approval or changes at that point. Um, but in -- in any case, we'd be looking for, uh, the commission to continue the rule making on this particular (inaudible).

SOTO: I would suggest we continue the rule making process just based off of all the information we've received today and get back at it at the next scheduled meeting.

Unless the commissioners have any thoughts (inaudible). So

I'll look for a motion to continue the rule making process on this proposed regulation.

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TROUTEN: So moved.

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SOTO:

Motion. Can I get a second?

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MCKINNEY: Kevin McKinney. I second.

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MEMBERS:

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SOTO: Opposed. Motion carries unanimously.

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Aye.

Motion to second. All those in favor, say aye.

number five, discussion, public comment and possible action. Hearing pursuant to NA -- NAC 289.290 subsection 1C on revocation of Regina M Joines formerly Nevada Department of Corrections. Category three basic certificate based on gross misdemeanor conviction, sexual abuse of prisoner or unauthorized custodial conduct by employee, violation of NRS 212.188 subsection 1 and subsection 3b. I'm gonna turn this over Mike Jenson for presentation of this hearing information.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Uh, Mike Jensen for JENSEN: the record. This is the time that you stated for the commission to consider the potential revocation for the Regina Marie Joines. The hearing is going forward pursuant to a couple of different statutes and regulations, uh, NRS 289.510, which provides for the commission to adopt regulations and establishing minimum standard for certification and decertification of officers and NAC 289.290 which establishes the cause for the commission to revoke or suspend the

certificate of a peace officer. Specifically for this hearing, you're looking at a section that -- that is in the revised regulation, section 1E, which provides that a conviction for a -- a gross misdemeanor constitutes ground for revocation of a peace officers POST certification. Uh, in each of your packets, there are a number of exhibits that I would just briefly go through that would be presented at this hearing to support any action they provide the commission. In Exhibit A is the notice to intent revoke that's sent out to, uh, Ms. Joines. It show -- it informs her that commission has initiated action to revoke her basic certificate. Uh, it informs her of the law, provides information on the convictions on your staff revocation actions. Uh, the date, time, location of the hearing, the right to appear and present evidence and cross examine any witnesses. It also gives her -- discusses the legal requirement that she inform the commission that she intends to appear at -- at this particular action, uh, or at this particular hearing to contest the revocation. It's my understanding Ms. Joines has not notified the commission that she intends to appear this morning at this hearing to contest the revocation. Finally, it provides the scope of the hearing of which will look at whether or not her certificate should be revoked. Exhibit B is the declaration of service which shows that Ms. Joines was personally served with the notice on June 18, 2022. Which means the commission

has complied both with the commission regulations as well as 1 open meeting requirements for notification if an action is 2 taken to revoke a certificate. Exhibit C is the personnel 3 action report. It shows that Ms. Joines employment was 5 terminated and she separated from her agency, uh, effective September 21st of 2019. Exhibit D is a certified copy of the 6 7 certificate, that's at issues at this hearing this morning. Exhibit E is the certified copy of the -- the, uh, court 8 documents that form the basis for any action this morning. It's the Criminal Information. It was filed on October 26, 10 11 2021 in Carson City, Nevada. It charges Ms. Joines with one 12 count of sexual abuse of a prisoner, or as unauthorized custodial conduct by an employee, uh, gross misdemeanor in 13 14 violation of NRS 212.188 (1) and (3)(b). The following 1.5 factual actual allegation. Uh, it states that on or between September 21st, 2018 and September 21, 2019, in Carson City, 16 17 uh, Regina Joines, a correctional for the Nevada Department of 18 Corrections, namely the Warm Springs (inaudible) Correctional Center did unlawfully and willfully engage in with a prisoner 19 20 in lawful custody or confinement of the Department of 21 Corrections unauthorized custodial conduct to wit the 22 defendant kissed an inmate on mouth and or touched his clothed 23 genitals, pubic area (inaudible) to intent to abuse or arouse, appeal or gratify in sexual consent, desires with the 24 25 defendant and or the inmate. And Exhibit F is a certified

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copy of the guilty plea agreement, which filed December 14, 2021. Which shows Ms. Joines agreed to plead guilty to that count of sexual abuse of a prisoner or unauthorized custodial conduct by an employee, a gross misdemeanor. Exhibit G is the judgment of conviction, which shows Ms. Joines on signed January 5th, uh, 2022 was convicted of that gross misdemeanor count. She was sentenced to time served and a fine of fifteen hundred dollars, which was suspended and she was placed on probation. Exhibit H is her honorable discharge for probation in January of 2022. The evidence that has been presented this morning shows that Ms. Joines was convicted of, uh, gross misdemeanor involving serious criminal conduct by her -- while acting in a peace officer capacity. It certainly constitutes a violation of the trust that's placed in our peace officers and is inconsistent with the judgment and demeanor of a peace officer, uh, and through that conduct and she has disqualified herself from the position of a peace officer. Staff would recommend that her certificate be revoked. As part of that, we -- I would ask that Exhibit A though H, Mr. Chairman, be admitted into the record to support any action taken by the commission this morning.

SOTO: So admitted. Any public comments on this? Any comments from the commission? Seeing as though there are none, I'm looking for a motion to revoke the category 3 basic certificate for Regina M. Joines. Can I get a motion?

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SOTO: I have a motion, can I get a second?

TROUTEN: Ty Trouten, second.

SOTO: Motion and a second. All in favor, say aye.

MEMBER: Aye.

SOTO: Opposed? Motion carries unanimously. Moving on to item number six. Discussion, public comment and for possible action. Hearing pursuant to NAC 289.290 subsection 1c on the revocation of Zachary E. Winninghams's, formerly with the Henderson Police Department category one, two and three basic certificate based on misdemeanor conviction, domestic battery, first offense violation of NRS 200.485 subsection 1a 200.481 subsection 1A NRS33.018 and Henderson city charter section 2.140. Uh, and I'm turn this over to Mike Jensen for a presentation of this hearing.

JENSEN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. This is the second of two, uh, today, since our final revocation hearing this morning. Again, this hearing is proceeding under the same two statute, and the regulation previously stated, NRS 289.510 and NAC 289.290, specifically under NAC 289.290, the section that, uh, proceeding this morning is section 1 I that provides based on a conviction for a misdemeanor of crime of domestic violence as defined by 18 USC Section 921(a)(33). There are a number of exhibits in your packet that are marked that I will go through quickly, Mr. Chairman and members of the committee.

Exhibit A is a notice of intent to revoke, again that sets out 1 the basics for due process for Mr. Winningham. Uh, it informs 2 him of the Commission's intent to revoke his certificate, of 3 the law that provides for that revocation, the date, time, and 5 location of the hearing and his right to appear and present evidence, cross examine. The legal requirements that he 6 7 inform the commission if he intends to appear within 15 days of receiving that notice and the scope of the hearing, uh, 8 which is that whether or not his POST certificate should be revoked for that misdemeanor crime of domestic violence 10 11 conviction. It's my understanding, Mr. Winningham has not noticed the commission that he intends to appear today and 12 contest this revocation . Exhibit B is the declaration of 13 service showing Mr. Winningham was personally served with the 14 notice of intent on July 6th of 2022, which complies both with 1.5 the commission regulation notice requirements, as well as the 16 meeting law requirements. Exhibit C is the personnel action 17 18 report that shows that Mr. Winningham's peace officer employment was terminated effective May 12th, 2022. Exhibit D 19 20 is the certified copy of his Category I, II, and III basic 21 certificates which are in issue this morning. Exhibit E is 22 the certified copy of the criminal complaint charging Mr. 23 Winningham with two counts of battery constituting domestic violence, a misdemeanor in violation of NRS 200.481 (1)(a) 2.4 25 200.485 (1)(a) and NRS 33.018 and also coercion, he was

originally charged with coercion as well, in violation of the 1 Henderson Municipal Code. Exhibit F is the, uh, admonishment 2 of rights that individuals who are, uh, charged with domestic 3 battery are required to review and sign. Uh, it sets out the 5 consequences of a domestic battery conviction, including, uh, the loss of the right to own or possess any firearm or have 6 any control of a firearm and the requirement that he surrender 7 any firearm that he has or transfer all of his firearms. Exhibit G is Henderson, Municipal Court sentencing order. shows Mr. Winningham was convicted of battery constituting 10 domestic violence on April 7th, 2022. He was sentenced to pay 11 a fine and fee and attend domestic battery counseling 12 surrender all of his firearms or sell those, have no contact 13 14 with the victim and to jail sentence of 30 days with 28 days suspended, 48 hours of community service. Exhibit H is the 15 judgment of conviction, which shows that he was in fact 16 convicted for that battery constituting domestic violence. 17 18 Exhibit I is the docket sheet that basically shows the evolution of criminal case through the court system. 19 20 evidence in this case shows that Mr. Winningham has been 21 convicted battery constituting domestic violence, a 22 misdemeanor. The evidence shows that that crime constitutes a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in federal law. Again, this is criminal conduct that is serious. 24

type of conduct that's inconsistent with judgment and

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demeanor, uh, that we expect that peace officers. His conviction also has a federal conviction, uh, misdemeanor crime, domestic battery, prohibit him from owning or possessing any firearms, which is also inconsistent with him acting as a peace officer. Based on that evidence, uh, I would first ask that Exhibits A through I be admitted into evidence, uh, to support any action taken by the commission and recommend that Mr. Winningham's POST certificates be revoked.

SOTO: So admitted. Any comments from the public?

Any comments from the commission? Seeing as though there are none, looking for a motion to revoke the category one, two, and three basic certificates for Zach E. Winningham.

SHEA: I'll make a motion to revoke those certificates.

A motion, can I get a second?

MCKINNEY: Kevin McKinney. I'll second.

SOTO: Motion and second. All those in favor, say

MEMBERS: Aye.

SOTO:

SOTO: Opposed? Motion carries unanimously. Moving on to on to item number seven, discussion, public comment, and or possible action, commission to decide whether to establish exploratory work to study and make recommendations for improving the ability to recruit out of state laterals and

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reviewing the POST reciprocity process. I'm gonna turn this over to Mike Sherlock for explanation.

SHERLOCK: Uh, Mike Sherlock for the record. Uh, chief, uh, Tim Shea reached out and asked to have this added to the agenda. I would just say, staff has no problem doing what we can to help with recruiting, um, administering a work group or committee to -- to look at reciprocity and that type of thing, um, with that perhaps that Chief Shea could expand.

SHEA: Thank you, Mike. Tim Shea. Um, this -- after we did the, uh -- the work group that was put together to look at the executive certification process, I thought that another thing we possibly take a look at is, has our, um -- is our ability to recruit out of state laterals still appropriate in this day and age from when I went through the program some nine years ago, it -- was an interesting process. I don't know how much it's changed since then. For example, I don't know if the online used be call POST in lieu of test is still the same course, but it's an interesting course. Um, you take it online, you can take it, um, either belonging to an agency or I wasn't -- I didn't live here when I took it, I was still (inaudible) I did it over a weekend on my desk at work. paid three hundred dollars and got a certificate from Nevada saying I took the POST in lieu course. There were some problems with the test. I called the person who, um, basically administrative lived in, um, Arizona and I spoke to

him at his house so. But, uh, for example, when you take the 1 chapter quiz, as you missed a test question, you have no idea 2 which one you missed. There's no way to know. So vou don't 3 know what you missed of the 10 or 12 questions, you just know 5 you missed 1 or 2. The -- when you come here and you start the process once you're hired, it's a pretty difficult 6 7 process, you, have a very small window for a physical agility test, whether that's appropriate or not to, it's something to 8 think we should look at. We have medical assessments and we talk about physical fitness. Um, we're one of the very few 10 11 states that actually have an annual medical fitness test that you get most states there's nothing. And I'm adding things on 12 13 to my test, like, uh, ultrasound, checking your arteries and all this. So I don't know if the physical agility test is 14 necessary or proper or improper, I really don't know. We did 15 medical assessments. And the other thing I wanted to look at 16 was our POST one certification test. On POST one 17 18 certification test, you take at your agency and somebody proctors it, it's online. Um, the online test, there is no 19 20 study guide for it. It is obviously off of someone's lesson plan. When that lesson plan occurred, when it was instructed, 21 22 I (inaudible) is no state academy class that you go to for, 23 like, two or three weeks, prepare yourself for this. you just take the test, and, um, someone sits in an office 24 25 with you by your computer and watches you take it. So I just

thought it would be -- in this day and age, where we are 1 seeing an increasingly difficult ability to hire people within 2 the state, as there's just not enough people to fill our 3 completed ranks. And if we don't have an enhanced ability to 5 hire out of state laterals then what happens when we start feeding off each other, and we start taking people from each 6 7 other to the detriment of the agency right next to us, and officers will start moving around a little more frequently. 8 came from an area where there's about 35 agencies within commuting distance. And people would move every few years 10 11 'cause they're paying a little bit better their benefits would get a little bit better. And, uh, they were offered 12 13 incentives to go there and stay for a couple of years. 14 might give a 5-thousand-dollar check if they stayed for two years or something like this. So my -- my idea was to sit 15 down and see, put a work group together to make 16 17 recommendations, to see if we are relevant still in this age 18 of our process needed at -- at the state level to be adopted and changed. Agencies still have the ability of course with 19 20 their own restrictions, their own qualifications, their own standards in the place, but those are just looking what as a 21 22 state. And another thing that's kind interesting about this, 23 we cannot give the physical agility test under lateral conditions, it must be done by somebody else does it by POST. 24

But at the same time, it doesn't matter who proctors the test.

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The written online test, anybody can proctor that.

physical agility test must be something done by somebody else,

I believe for our County, I think it was you guys.

silver states. They were the people (inaudible), now I

believes the city of Marshalls, so I can't do it. I can only

do the online POST I certification test. So that was idea ,

that was my thought, (inaudible) to see where we are.

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SOTO: Any other comments from any of our

commissioners? Any public comment. Seeing as though there is

none, I'm looking for a motion to direct staff to create a

work group to explore (inaudible).

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PROSSER: Jamie Prosser, so moves.

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Motion, and a second?

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Russ Niel, I'll second. NIEL:

15 16 Motion and a second. All those in favor, say

aye.

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MEMBERS: Aye.

SOTO:

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SOTO: Opposed? Motion carries unanimously.

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number eight, public comments. Commission may not act on any

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matter considered under this item until the matter is

public comment we do not. All right. Item number 9

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specifically included on the agenda as action act, we have any

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23 discussion, public comment and for possible action.

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the upcoming commission meeting. I'm gonna turn this over to

Mike Sherlock. 25

SHERLOCK: Uh, Mike Sherlock for the record. Uh, I did, uh, speak to the chairman. Uh, we're proposing a September meeting. We normally don't have a September meeting. Mostly to deal with the suspensions, uh, related to non-compliance for continuing ed. Uh, we normally would do that in July at this meeting, uh, but there's an unusually high number of officers. We usually have six in July where it's 70 right now. Um, and that poses a problem for us. We're having, uh, trouble getting them notified or the agencies helping us getting them notified and that kind of thing and served with notices. But, uh -- so we're looking at September 10th at 10 -- 10:00 a.m., uh, primarily to deal with suspensions, but it sounds like we probably have, uh, workshop that kinda thing too.

ALLEN: So the 10th or the 21st? Tenth is a Saturday.

FLOYD: Ten a.m. on the 21st.

SHERLOCK: Oh yeah. Sorry, September 21st at 10:00 a.m.

ALLEN: And where at?

SHERLOCK: Oh, I'm sorry.

SHERLOCK: Here in Carson. Again, to deal with -- now, uh, we're hoping that it's primarily -- primarily one agency will, uh, assist us in getting their people into compliance and that may change, but, uh -- the number may change, but, uh, that's what we're looking at right now and that's our proposal.

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SOTO: All right. We're looking for a motion to schedule the next meeting for September 21st, 2022 at 10:00 a.m. here in Carson City. Motion to second.

TROUTEN: So moved.

SOTO: Motion, second?

ALLEN: Mike Allen, second.

SOTO: All those in favor, say aye.

MEMBERS: Aye.

SOTO: Motion carries unanimously and item number 10 discussion, public comment, and for possible action. Looking for a motion to adjourn.

SHEA: Can -- can I ask a question before we adjourn?

SOTO: Yes.

SHEA: What happens to the, uh, agenda item, we -- we didn't vote?

JENSEN: This is Mike Jensen for the record. I think it just -- nothing happens on it. So it'd have to be brought up again in future meeting if you want it to move forward.

SHEA: How is it brought forward again?

JENSEN: One of the commissioners could ask that it be put on -- on the agenda. A member of the public could ask that as well.

SHERLOCK: Mike Sherlock for the record. Understand that we are with the old record, the current regulation now. So we

have a new definition of what executive level is, but the

(inaudible).

SHEA: Okay, I understand. Yes, sir.

requirements for the executive remain the same.

TOGLIATTI: Uh, George Togliatti for the record. Uh, I would like to everybody know that our attorney, Mike Jensen, not only served POST for a bazillion years, he's also our primary senior AG for the department of public safety and has done a good job and will be missed so we appreciate

SOTO: He's got a bigger smile on his face. All right. I think we got it covered. I'm looking for a motion to adjourn.

ALLEN: Motion.

SHEA: This side of the table motion to adjourn.